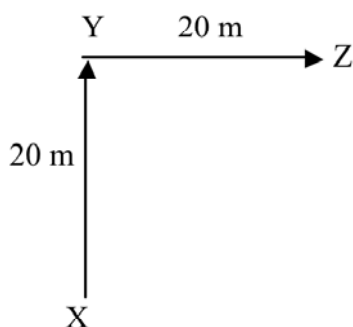


**Support Worksheet – Topic 2, Worksheet 1**

- 1 A particle moves on a circle with constant speed. Sketch a graph to show the variation with time of the magnitude of the displacement of the body for one full revolution. Assume that at  $t = 0$  s the displacement is zero. [2]

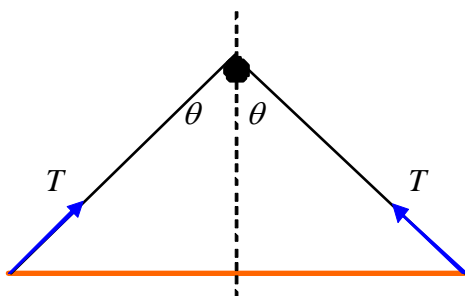
- 2 The diagram shows the motion of a particle that starts at X, moves to Y and then ends up at Z. The motion lasts for 5.0 s.



Calculate:

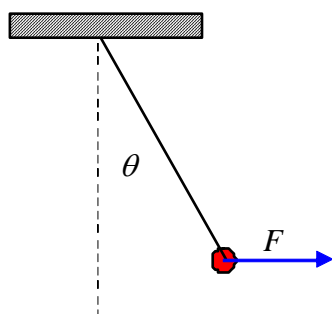
- a the average speed. [1]
- b the average velocity for this motion. [2]
- 3 Give one example of a motion for which, at a particular instant of time,
- a the velocity is zero but the acceleration is not. [1]
- b the velocity is non-zero but the acceleration is zero. [1]
- 4 A particle moves on a straight line with constant acceleration. The initial velocity of the body is  $4.0 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  and becomes  $6.0 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  4.0 s later. Determine the distance travelled by the particle in this time. [1]
- 5 A body is dropped from rest from a large height. Draw sketch graphs to show the variation with time of the speed of the object when air resistance:
- a is negligible. [1]
- b is not negligible. [1]
- 6 A body is dropped from a small height above the ground. Air resistance is negligible. The body rebounds to its original height. Draw a sketch graph to show the variation with time of the velocity of the body from  $t = 0$  s until it reaches its original height again. [2]
- 7 The weight of a body on Earth ( $g = 9.8 \text{ N kg}^{-1}$ ) is 24 N. Calculate the weight of this body on the surface of a planet where  $g = 2.2 \text{ N kg}^{-1}$ . [1]

- 8 A rod of weight  $W$  is held horizontal by a string attached to the rod's ends. The string goes over a peg.



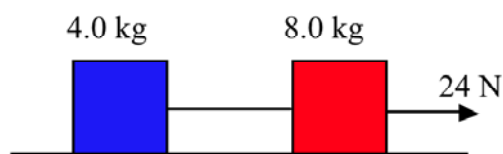
The tension in the string is  $T$ . The magnitude of the force of the peg on the string is

- A  $W$   
B  $2T$   
C  $2T \cos \theta - W$   
D  $2T \sin \theta - W$
- 9 A ball of weight  $W$  hangs from a string that is attached to the ceiling. A horizontal force  $F$  acts on the body so that the ball is in equilibrium with the string making an angle  $\theta$  to the vertical.

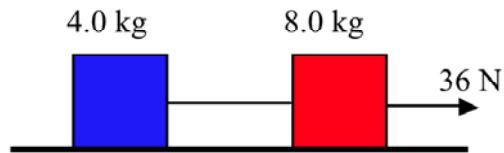


Which of the following relations is correct?

- A  $F = W$   
B  $F = W \sin \theta$   
C  $F = W \cos \theta$   
D  $F = W \tan \theta$
- 10 Calculate the tension in the string in the diagram below. Friction is neglected.



- 11** How would the answer to the previous problem change, if at all, if the positions of the two masses are interchanged? [1]
- 12** Calculate the tension in the string in the diagram below. The frictional force opposing the motion of the 4.0 kg body is 8.0 N and that for the 8.0 kg body is 16 N.



[2]